## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A sustained-releasing composition of anti-protista substance comprising:

a water-wettable polymer compound having solubility of 1 g or less per 1 liter of water,

and an anti-protista substance selected from the group of consisting of a heavy metal and a compound containing the metal, a cationic surface active quaternary type ammonium salt containing a long chain alkyl group, an amphoteric surface active agent containing a long chain alkyl group, a quinoline derivative, an organic nitrogen-sulfur compound, a benzene derivative, a biguanidine compound, sorbic acid and its salt,  $\varepsilon$ -polylysine, hinokitiol, various kinds of formalin donor, and chloroisocyanuric acid and its salt,

further, an amount of the anti-protista substance in the composition is 10 to 90 (wt % of the total composition).

- 2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein an amount of the anti-protista substance is 20 to 70 (wt % of the total composition).
- 3. The composition according to claim 1, wherein an amount of the anti-protista substance is 30 to 70 (wt % of the total composition).
- 4. The composition according to claim 1, wherein a sustained-releasing effect of the anti-protista substance contained in the composition is maintained for 2 months.
- 5 . The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymer compound is a polyacrylic acid salt, a cross-linked polyacrylic acid salt, a starch type polymer, a cellulose type polymer, a polyacrylic acid ester modified by silicone, a polymethacrylic acid ester modified by silicone, polysaccharides, a hydroxy carboxylic acid type polymer, a polyacrylamide type polymer, polyoxyethylene polymer, polyvinyl acetate, a cyclodextrin or its derivatives, cellulose fiber or rayon fiber.
- 6 . The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymer compound is a polyacrylic acid salt, a cross-linked polyacrylic acid salt, a starch type polymer, a cellulose type polymer, a polyvinylalcohol type polymer, a cellulose derivative, a polyacrylic acid ester modified by silicone, a polyacrylamide type polymer or polyvinyl acetate.
- 7. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymer compound is a polyvinylalcohol type polymer.
- 8. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the polymer compound is polyvinylalcohol.
- 9. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the anti-protista substance is a

- cationic surface active quaternary type ammonium salt containing a long chain alkyl group, an amphoteric surface active agent containing a long chain alkyl group, a benzene derivative, sorbic acid or its salt or chloroisocyanuric acid or its salt.
- 10. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the anti-protista substance is a cationic surface active quaternary type ammonium salt containing a long chain alkyl group.
- 11. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the anti-protista substance is cetyl pyridinium chloride.
- 12. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the composition is for using a waterway.
- 13. The composition according to claim 12, wherein the waterway is a way for waste water in a refrigerator, a freezer, an ice manufacturing machine or a showcase for freezing and cold storage, a way for waste water from an air conditioner, a drainpipe from a sink or a bathroom, a way for waste water from a factory, a trap of a way for waste water or a flush toilet.
- 14. A sustained-releasing composition of anti-protista substance, which is obtained by kneading a water-wettable polymer compound having solubility of 1 g or less per 1 liter of water with an anti-protista substance which is selected from the group of consisting of a heavy metal and a compound containing the metal, a cationic surface active quaternary type ammonium salt containing a long chain alkyl group, an amphoteric surface active agent containing a long chain alkyl group, a quinoline derivative, an organic nitrogen-sulfur compound, a benzene derivative, a biguanidine compound, sorbic acid and its salt, ε-polylysine, hinokitiol, various kinds of formalin donor, and chloroisocyanuric acid and its salt.
- 15. The composition according to claim 14, wherein after kneading the anti-protista substance and the polymer with each other, furthermore the resulting mixture is melted under heating and then the obtained melted solution is dried.
- 16. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the polymer compound has solubility of 1 g or less per 1 liter of water.
- 17. The composition according to claim 14, wherein an amount of the anti-protista substance is 30 to 70 (wt % of the total composition).
- 18. The composition according to claim 14, wherein a sustained-releasing effect of the anti-protista substance contained in the composition is maintained for 2 months.
- 19. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the polymer compound is a polyacrylic acid salt, a cross-linked polyacrylic acid salt, a starch type polymer, a cellulose type polymer, a polyvinylalcohol type polymer, a cellulose derivative, a

polyacrylic acid ester modified by silicone, a polymethacrylic acid ester modified by silicone, polysaccharides, a hydroxy carboxylic acid type polymer, a polyacrylamide type polymer, polyoxyethylene polymer, polyvinyl acetate, a cyclodextrin or its derivatives, cellulose fiber or rayon fiber, and the anti-protista substance is a heavy metal or a compound containing the metal, a cationic surface active quaternary type ammonium salt containing a long chain alkyl group, an amphoteric surface active agent containing a long chain alkyl group, a quinoline derivative, an organic nitrogen-sulfur compound, a benzene derivative, a biguanidine compound, sorbic acid or its salt or chloroisocyanuric acid or its salt.

- 20. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the polymer compound is a polyacrylic acid salt, a cross-linked polyacrylic acid salt, a starch type polymer, a cellulose type polymer, a polyvinylalcohol type polymer, a cellulose derivative, a polyacrylic acid ester modified by silicone, a polymethacrylic acid ester modified by silicone, a polyacrylamide type polymer or polyvinyl acetate.
- 21. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the polymer compound is a polyvinylalcohol type polymer.
- 22. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the polymer compound is polyvinylalcohol.
- 23. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the anti-protista substance is a cationic surface active quaternary type ammonium salt containing a long chain alkyl group, an amphoteric surface active agent containing a long chain alkyl group, a benzene derivative, sorbic acid or its salt or chloroisocyanuric acid or its salt.
- 24. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the anti-protista substance is a cationic surface active quaternary type ammonium salt containing a long chain alkyl group.
- 25. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the anti-protista substance is cetyl pyridinium chloride.
- 26. The composition according to claim 14, wherein the composition is for using a waterway.
- 27. The composition according to claim 26, wherein the waterway is a way for waste water in a refrigerator, a freezer, an ice manufacturing machine or a showcase for freezing and cold storage, a way for waste water from an air conditioner, a drainpipe from a sink or a bathroom, a way for waste water from a factory, a trap of a way for waste water or a flush toilet.
- 28. A method for killing of or inhibiting of propagation of a protista in a waterway, comprising allowing flowing water in a waterway to contact with the sustained-

- releasing composition of claim 1.
- 29. The method according to claim 28, wherein waterway is a way for waste water in a refrigerator, a freezer, an ice manufacturing machine or a showcase for freezing and cold storage, a way for waste water from an air conditioner, a drainpipe from a sink or a bathroom, a way for waste water from a factory, a trap of a way for waste water or a flush toilet.